

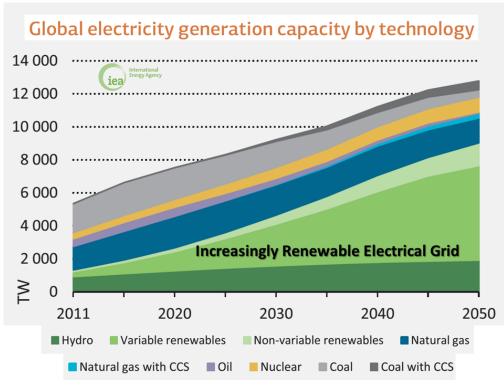
# Driver #1: Decarbonization -- Where is the CO2 coming from?



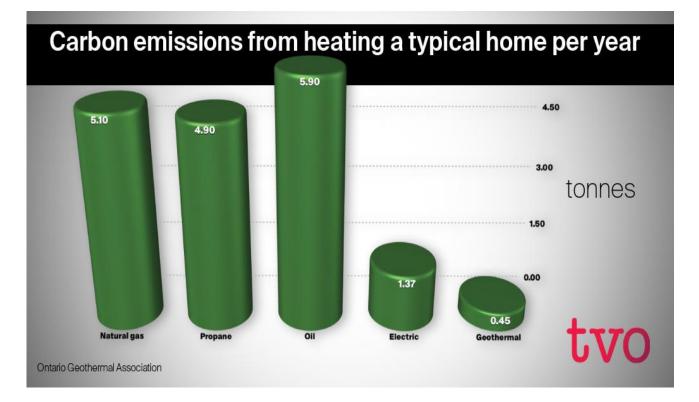
About 45% of emissions come from burning fossil fuels to make energy, including heat and electricity. "Having a fully electric house without a gas line is the direction we want to go," Vancouver City Engineer, Brady Faught said. <u>http://bit.ly/3az90pd</u>

Geothermal heat pumps help us attain the goal of No on-site emissions, and provide the majority of "site-sourced" energy from the earth...& they manage electrical loads perfectly.

### Emissions Comparison Between Combustion Heating and Electric Heat Pumps (Includes Plant Emissions)



The Electric Grid is "Greening" Continuously



All Electric Heat Pumps result in Low Emissions

# Driver #2: Electrification and Load Management – Electrical Loads are "leveled out" using GHPs

nationalgrid

Natural Gas

f: Gas Technology Institute, GRI 03/0173

Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct

Natural Gas and Electricity Demand

Electrict

2800

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2000

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g 1600

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YOU, HERE FO

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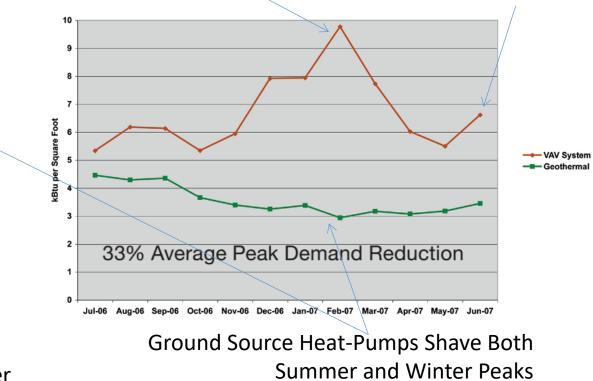
220000

#### Benefits of Geothermal Heating and Cooling

- Utility Benefits
  - Highly efficient heating and cooling systems.
  - Potentially a cost-effective option to defer capital commitment for utility gas and electric infrastructure.
  - Reduces electric peak demand, improves load factor and improves the efficiency of the electric delivery system.
  - Gas peak load reductions.



Air Source Heat-Pumps tend to "peak" in the winter, as well as the summer



#### The Benefits of Ground Source Heat Pumps for Beneficial Electrification

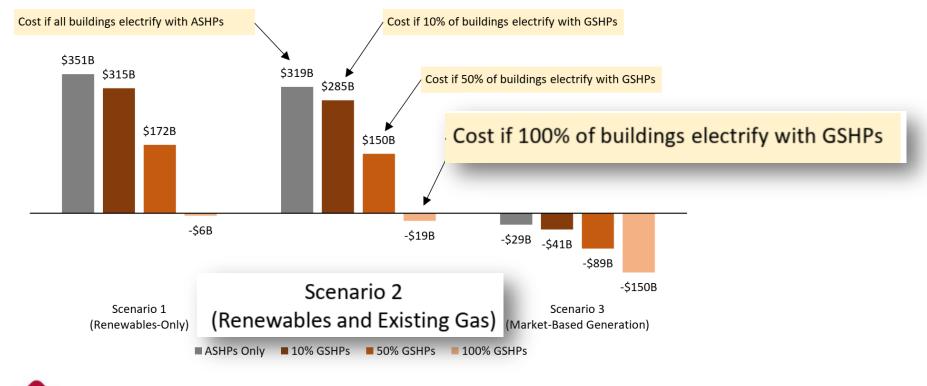


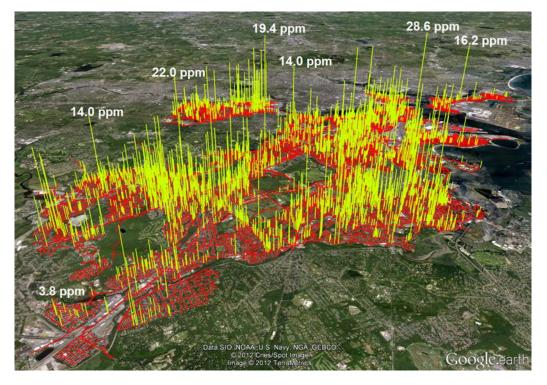
Figure 4. Total Cumulative Incremental Costs from 2020 to 2050 with GSHPs Included (\$Billions)





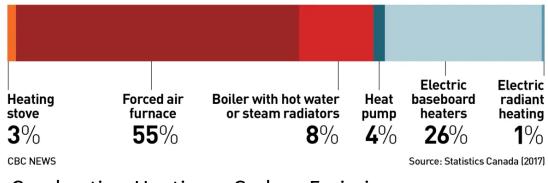
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# Some facts from studies in the Northern Climates: Boston, MA



66% of buildings use combustion to heat

#### Primary heating systems and type of energy

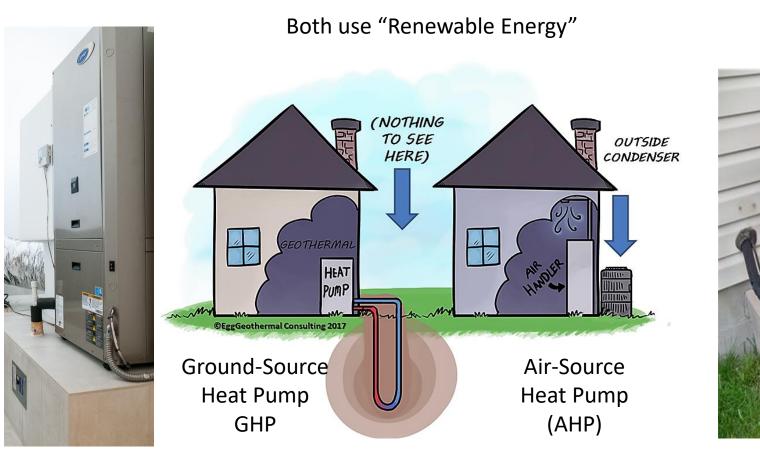


Combustion Heating + Carbon Emissions

Natural Gas Leakage in Pipelines: MA. Unburnt natural gas is far more damaging by a factor of 84 than combusted natural gas

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## How air-source and ground-source heat pumps help with Building Decarbonization

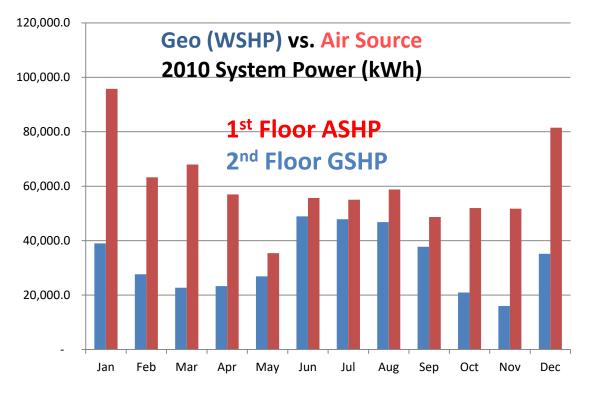


Remote Outside Condenser

Nothing outside

## Understanding efficiency; the ASHRAE Building in Atlanta

Ground-coupled HPs consume less energy than airsource HPs, but can be more expensive (Earth Coupling)



Power Consumption at ASHRAE Bldg, Atlanta



# Electrical Load is "leveled out" using GHPs

nationalgrid

TH YOU, HERE FOR

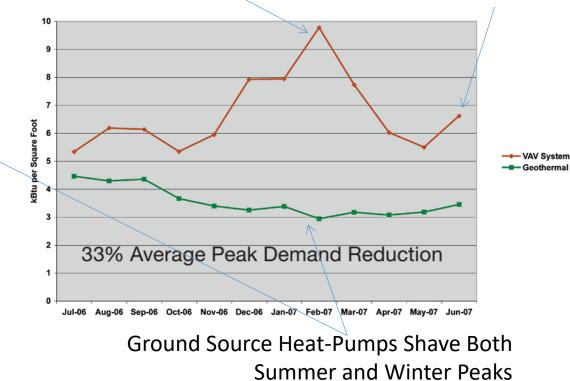
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Natural Gas and Electricity Demand 2800 340000 2600 Electrict 320000 2400 300000 2200 2000 280000 1800 260000 8 1600 9 1400 240000 Natural Gas 220000 1200 200000 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov ef: Gas Technology Institute, GRI 03/0173

Air Source Heat-Pumps tend to "peak" in the winter, as well as the summer



### Beneficial Electrification Means:

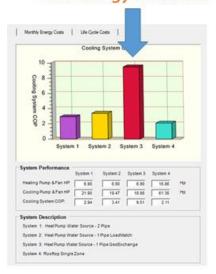


Comfortable Homes 2. Less Maintenance 3. Safer & Emissions Free 4. Much Lower Operating Costs

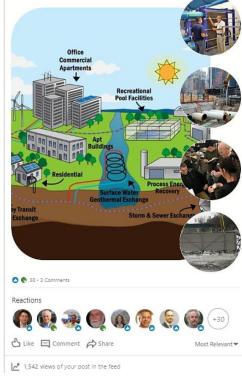
#### National Grid and Eversource are advocating for Geothermal Micro Grids through their respective PSCs

• On Friday, July 31, 2020, National Grid filed a new rate case with the Public Service Commission. Part of the testimony is a 69-page "Future of Heat" document in which the company proposes to install shared ground loops for geothermal heating and cooling systems. https://lnkd.in/d86S5F

"In our homes and offices, we are paying simultaneously to heat and cool different areas and processes. See what happens to efficiency when this energy is shared."



Author/Expert Consultant/Speaker Gd & O On Friday, July 31, 2020, #NationalGrid filed a new rate case with the Public Service Commission. Part of the testimony is a 69-page "Future of Heat" document in which the company proposes to install shared ground loops for geothermal heating and cooling systems. https://hukdin/d86552F Thank you to #NY-GEO for the shared #Geothermal #Districtcooling #Districtheating

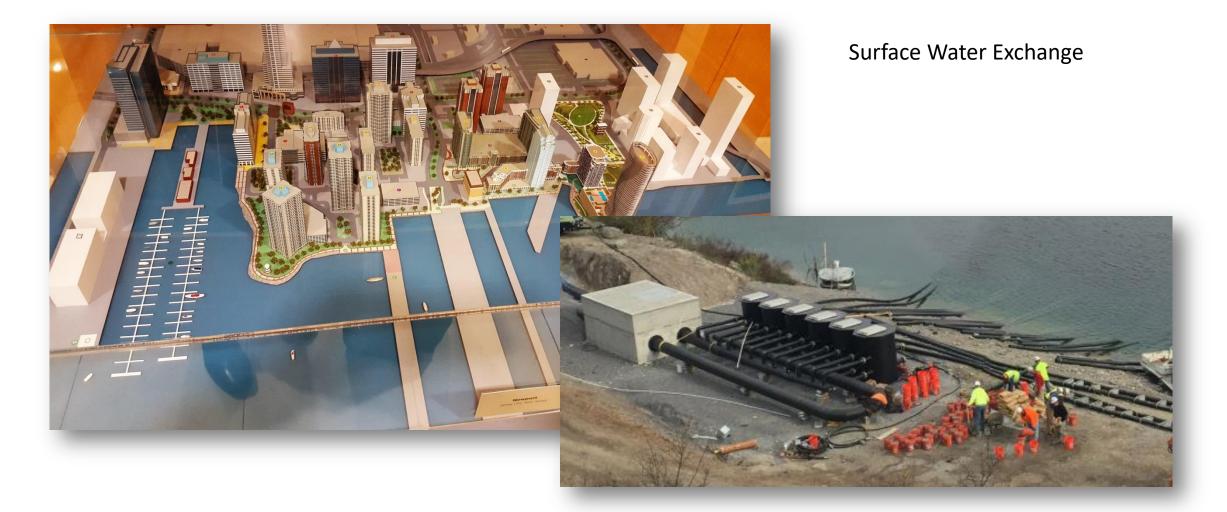


#### National Grid and Eversource are advocating for Geothermal Micro Grids through their respective PSCs

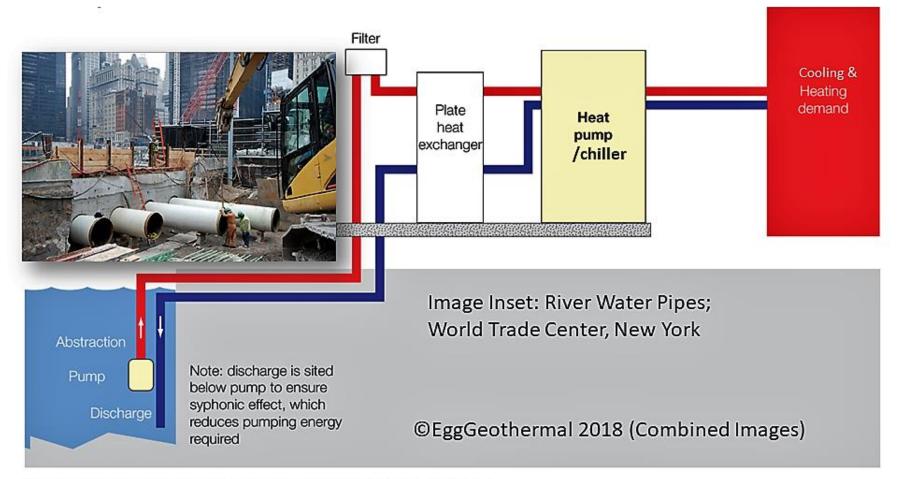
- To accomplish this, the Gas Leaks Allies, including HEET, worked together with legislators to create the For a Utility Transition to Using Renewable Energy legislation, or the FUTURE bill (<u>H.2849/S.1940</u>).
- <u>https://ma.mothersoutfront.org/m</u> <u>ass\_mof\_legislation\_team</u>
- The FUTURE bill would create a renewable thermal credit market for gas utilities, allows them to bill for BTUs, and gives them a path to evolve into renewable energy companies.



### **Opportunities for Geothermal Exchange**

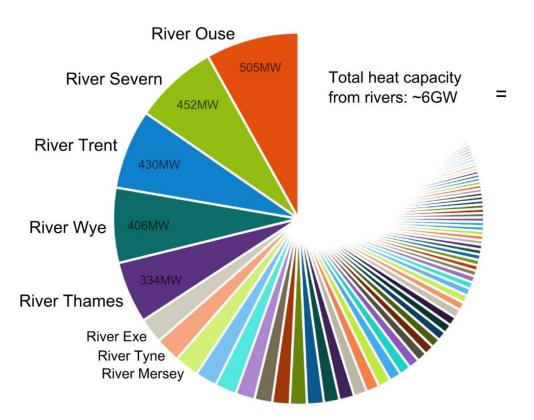


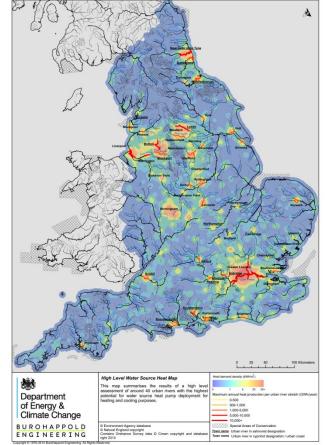
### Surface Water Geothermal Exchange



(Reproduced courtesy of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution)

UK studied surface water thermal capacity and found that much of its heating and cooling needs can be met through Surface Water Exchange





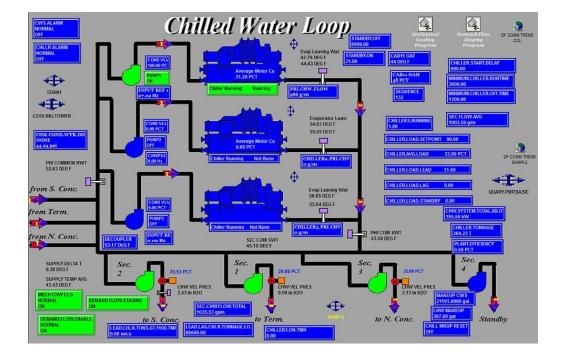
The heat capacity given in the table is for abstraction from rivers only. These locations could also extract heat from either coastal or estuarine waterbodies.

# River and Surface Water GEO Nashville Airport





## Nashville Airport Lake Plate Surface Water Geothermal





#### Nashville Airport Lake Plate Exchangers



### Assessment of National Benefits from Retrofitting Existing Single-Family Homes with Ground Source Heat Pump Systems

#### Table E-1. Potential Benefits of Retrofitting Existing U.S. Single-Family Homes with State-of-the-Art GHP Systems at Various Market Penetration Rates

Estimated national benefits	Market penetration rate of GHP retrofit				
	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
Primary energy savings [quad BTU]	0.8	1.7	2.5	3.3	4.2
Percentage savings	9.0%	18.0%	27.1%	36.1%	45.1%
CO2 emissions reduction [MM ton]	54.3	108.7	163.0	217.3	271.7
Percentage savings	9.1%	18.1%	27.2%	36.2%	45.3%
Summer peak electrical demand reduction [GW]	43.2	86.4	129.5	172.7	215.9
Percentage savings	11.2%	22.4%	33.6%	44.9%	56.1%
Energy expenditures savings [Billion \$]	10.4	20.9	31.3	41.7	52.2
Percentage savings	9.6%	19.3%	28.9%	38.5%	48.1%

45.3% Reduction in Carbon Emissions

56.1% Reduction in Summer Peak Electrical Demand

Notes: (MM ton, million metric ton).

# Electrification Promotes Load Sharing / Diversification

#### Mixed-Use Heating and Cooling Loads Provide Opportunities to Share Energy

Prototype Street Segment Heating and Cooling Loads

Annual Heating and Cooling Consumption

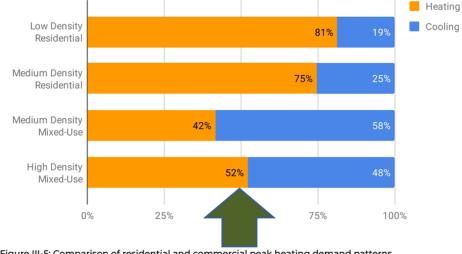
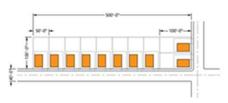


Figure III-5: Comparison of residential and commercial peak heating demand patterns



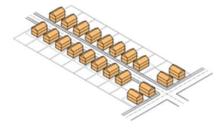
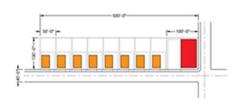


Figure III-2: Medium density residential PSS



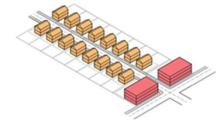
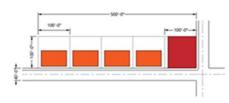


Figure III-3: Medium density mixed-use PSS



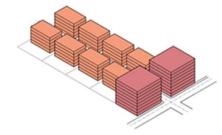


Figure III-4: High density mixed-use PSS

### **Beneficial Electrification-Deep Decarbonization**

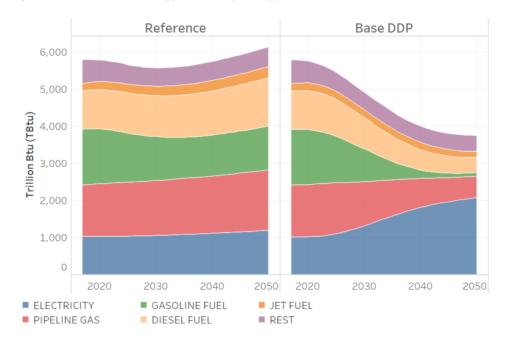


Figure 14. Northeast Final Energy Demand by Fuel Type

This shift to electricity as the fuel for HVAC and Electric Vehicles will cause a significant increase in the consumption of electricity, but will reduce overall energy consumption and carbon emissions

It's clear that there is a reduction in energy consumption (due partly to COP of Heat Pumps).

**Evolved Energy Research** 

#### A Passion for Sharing Knowledge

# Sharing Knowledge **O** Engineering and Education

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